

Judita Sendrei's Grade Report In Secondary School

Left Page: BIZO-

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Magviselés | jól |
| Hit- és erkölcstan | jól |
| Magyar nyelv és irodalom | jól |
| Történelem | jól |
| Gazdasági és társadalmi ismeretek | jól |
| Föld- és néprajz | jól |
| Latin nyelv | elégedően |
| Görög nyelv | --- |
| Német nyelv | jól |
| Francia, angol, olasz, orosz nyelv | jól |
| Biológia | --- |
| Természetrajz | --- |
| Végzet | jól |
| Természetrajz | --- |
| Matematika és mérés | jól |
| Rajz | --- |
| Testnevelés | elégedően |
| Egyszerűsítés | --- |
| Szépíró | --- |
| Cyranika | --- |
| Ének | --- |
| Kézimunka | --- |
| <i>Horvát nyelv</i> | jól |
| Általános tanulmányi eredmény | jól |
| Rendszerezet | jól |
| Egész évben mul. órák száma | 60 igazolt, --- igazolatlan |

Right Page: NYÍTVÁNYA

tanuló Judit 7. sz. 6.
hatodik osztályában
 tanulói minőségben tanúsított előmeneteléről.

A tanári testület általános bétele: A hatodik os-
tályba léphet.

A díjazás mértéke foka, száma, köte: _____

Kelt Subotica 1944. évi apr. hó 5. napján.

Richthart
 igazgató.

Jegyzet (magán, levél, példák, felvétel, különbe-
 láti, tárgyi, stb.) GINOV

Odjeljenja za proširenje br. 3992
 31. jula 1945. g. potvrđuje
 važnost ovog svjedočanstva.

DRŽAVNA ŽENSKA GIMNAZIJA
 SUBOTICA

Broj 1819/79
 Dne 7. sept. 1945.
 1. Dr. Marko Vukobratović
 2. Amalija Kulcsar
 3. Jelena Hadzi Kostić

19. évi _____ hó _____ n.

This is my 1944 sixth grade report card from secondary school in Subotica. . When I graduated from primary school, I went to gymnasium for three years. In 1941 when the Hungarians came, my father, through some connections, succeeded in enabling me to stay in school even though a recently enacted law only allowed a small percent of Jews to continue going to school. In the school there were teachers who came from Hungary, and in most cases they were anti-Semites. They noticeably lowered the Jewish children's grades. Our friends in our grade would make fun of us. The Catholic priest, Ciprus, treated the Jewish children the best. During religion lessons, Jewish children were forced to go outside regardless of the weather conditions. But Priest Ciprus allowed us to remain in the classroom if it was cold outside. Private Jewish religion classes were taught well and in detail by Professor Vadnaj. In addition to Jewish history, he also taught us to write and read Hebrew. On March 19, 1944 the Germans arrived and I had to start going to school wearing a yellow star. In April I stopped going to school. My father convened a family assembly and asked his closest relatives if they wanted to try and save their lives by converting to Catholicism. I was the most vocal with my answer. I said that it was not even a consideration: 'Never! I will remain a Jew until the end.'