

Maksymilian Fiszgrund's Fake German Work Certificate

Bescheinigung
Poświadczenie

§ 3 Abs. 5 der Ersten Durchführungs-
vorschrift zur Verordnung über die Ein-
führung einer Arbeitskarte vom 21.12.1940

§ 3 ust. 5 pierwszego postanowienia wy-
konawczego do rozporządzenia o wpro-
wadzeniu karty pracy z dnia 21.XII.1940

Name:
Nazwisko *Misiolek*

Vorname:
Imię *Feliks*

Geboren am:
Urodzony(a) dnia *14. 5. 1885*

Geburtsort:
Miejsce urodz. *Suńkowice*

Kreis:
Powiat *Krakau*

Beruf
Zawód *Buchhalter*

Berufsgruppe und Art
Grupa zawod. *25 a*

ist auf Grund der Verordnung
über die Einführung einer Ar-
beitskarte vom 20. 12. 1940 als
arbeitskartenpflichtige Person
erfasst und ist in Besitz der Ar-
beitskarte
Nr.: *901/32045*

zarejestrowany został na podsta-
wie rozporządzenia o uprowadze-
niu karty pracy z d. 20. 12. 1940
jako osoba, zobowiązana do po-
siadania karty pracy i posiada
kartę pracy
Nr.: _____

Krakau, den *17 Juli* 1941

(Stempel des Arbeitsamts
(Pieczęć Urzędu Pracy))
Arbeitsamt Krakau
- 901 -
im Auftrage:
Geibel L.A.
(Unterschrift — Podpis)

Diese Bescheinigung verbleibt im Besitz des Inhabers
Niniejsze zaświadczenie pozostaje w posiadaniu posiadacza karty.

Abk. 1. Din A 6. Staatsdruckerei Warschau — Nr. 96460-41.

This is my husband Maksymilian Fiszgrund's fake certification from the "Arbeitsamt" the work office. It's written there, that Feliks Misiolek, my husband himself, has a card of employment from 17th July 1941.

When the war broke out, my husband fled to Russia. He spent the first two years of the war in Buczacz, working for the Jewish community there. But then the German-Russian war broke out and the Germans arrested him after entering Buczacz. My husband was in touch with someone from the

PPS in Cracow, and he was extracted from jail by some PPS activist, I don't remember his name. The man handed him over to another man who brought him to Cracow and handed him over to Bobrowski. They had some problems on the way, there were pass controls on the trains after all.

My husband got through to Cracow and there received fake papers in the name of Feliks Misiolek, those papers were from the Zegota too. He went to Wieliczka and took up residence in Lednica , a residential area where those salt mine workers lived, with a guy named Leon Palonka. Palonka was a member of the Bataliony Chlopskie. A decent man, very decent. A PPS member, very ideological, highly devoted to the party. I knew him, he died of cancer. My husband stayed in Lednica until the end of the war.

From the moment of returning to Poland, my husband was provided for by the Joint. There was that Mrs. Hochberg-Marianska. She used a Polish ID in the name of Marianska, but her real name was Hochberg. She brought money to Leon Palonka for the people he kept in hiding.